

	41-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 367
	41-3-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 387
Be it e	enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 13-14-204 is amended to read:
	13-14-204. Franchisor's obligations related to service Franchisor audits Time
limits	•
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) "Labor" means work or service performed with respect to the repair of a motor
vehic	e, including diagnostic work or service.
	(b) "Parts" means original or replacement parts, accessories, or components, with
respec	et to a motor vehicle, including engine, transmission, and other parts assemblies.
	(c) "Qualified repair" means a repair to a vehicle that:
	(i) would come within a franchisor's warranty but for the vehicle exceeding the time or
milea	ge limits of the warranty;
	(ii) does not otherwise constitute warranty work; and
	(iii) does not constitute any of the following:
	(A) routine maintenance, including the replacement of fluids, filters, batteries, bulbs,
belts,	nuts, bolts, fasteners, brake pads, or rotors;
	(B) replacement of or work on tires, wheels, or elements related to tires or wheels,
includ	ling wheel alignments and tire or wheel rotations;
	(C) a repair for a government agency, fleet owner, insurer, extended warranty provider,
or ser	vice contract provider;
	(D) a repair that is the subject of a franchisor special event, promotion, or service
campa	aign, or is otherwise subject to a franchisor discount;
	(E) a repair of a motor vehicle owned by the franchisee or an employee of the
franch	nisee;
	(F) an accessory or the installation of an accessory;
	(G) a repair of a condition caused by collision, road hazard, the force of the elements,
vanda	lism, theft, or the negligence or a deliberate act of the owner, operator, or a third party;
	(H) a safety or vehicle emission inspection required by law;

57	(I) vehicle reconditioning;
58	(J) repairs performed or parts sold at wholesale;
59	(K) franchisor-approved goodwill or policy repairs or replacements;
60	(L) a repair performed on a vehicle of a line-make other than the line-make for which
61	the franchisee is franchised by the franchisor; or
62	(M) for the purpose of calculating a retail parts rate only, a repair on or using an
63	aftermarket part.
64	(d) "Qualified repair order" means a repair order that includes, in whole or in part, one
65	or more qualified repairs.
66	(e) "Repair order" means an invoice that:
67	(i) is paid by a retail customer and closed before a franchisee submits the invoice to the
68	franchisee's franchisor under Subsection (5)(a);
69	(ii) includes one or more repairs to or other work on a motor vehicle; and
70	(iii) depicts:
71	(A) in the case of a retail parts rate submission, the cost of each part and the part's sale
72	price; or
73	(B) in the case of a retail labor rate submission, the labor hours allocated to each job
74	and the sale price of the labor.
75	(f) "Warranty" means a new vehicle warranty, maintenance plan, extended warranty,
76	certified pre-owned warranty, service contract, or other obligation of a franchisor to repair or
77	replace defects in a motor vehicle or part, including an obligation that is the subject of a
78	technical service bulletin, a customer service campaign, or a recall conducted under United
79	States Code, Title 49, Secs. 30118 through 30120.
80	(2) A franchisor shall:
81	(a) fulfill a warranty agreement made by the franchisor; and
82	(b) compensate the franchisor's franchisees for labor and parts furnished by the
83	franchisees to satisfy the franchisor's warranty obligations, including:
84	(i) diagnostic work;
85	(ii) repairs;
86	(iii) servicing;
87	(iv) the disposal of hazardous substances; and

88	(v) other conditions of the warranty obligation.	
89	[(1)] (3) Each franchisor shall specify in writing to each of the franchisor's franchisees	
90	licensed as a new motor vehicle dealer in this state[: (a)], the franchisee's obligations for new	
91	motor vehicle preparation, delivery, and warranty service on the franchisor's products[;].	
92	[(b) the schedule of compensation to be paid to the franchisee for parts, work, and	
93	service; and]	
94	[(c) the time allowance for the performance of work and service.]	
95	[(2) (a) The schedule of compensation described in Subsection (1) shall include	
96	reasonable compensation for diagnostic work, as well as repair service, parts, and labor.]	
97	[(b) Time allowances described in Subsection (1) for the diagnosis and performance of	
98	warranty work and service shall be reasonable and adequate for the work to be performed.]	
99	[(3) (a) In the determination of what constitutes reasonable compensation under this	
100	section, the principal factor to be considered is the prevailing wage rates being paid by	
101	franchisees in the relevant market area in which the franchisee is doing business.]	
102	[(b) (i) Compensation of the franchisee for warranty service or recall repair work may	
103	not be less than the amount charged by the franchisee for like parts and service to retail or fleet	
104	customers, if the amounts are reasonable.]	
105	(4) A franchisor shall compensate the franchisor's franchisees, at the franchisee's retail	
106	rates as determined under Subsections (5) and (6), for labor and parts furnished by the	
107	franchisee in satisfaction of a warranty issued by the franchisor.	
108	(5) (a) To establish or modify a franchisee's retail labor rate or retail parts rate, a	
109	franchisee shall submit, in writing to the franchisee's franchisor and no more than once per	
110	calendar year, whichever of the following comprises the fewest number of repair orders, all of	
111	which must be for repairs made no more than 180 days before the franchisee's written	
112	submission:	
113	(i) 100 sequential repair orders reflecting qualified repairs; or	
114	(ii) all qualified repair orders closed during any period of 90 consecutive days.	
115	(b) A franchisee shall calculate the franchisee's retail labor rate by:	
116	(i) determining the total charges for labor in the qualified repair orders submitted to the	
117	franchisee's franchisor under Subsection (5)(a); and	
118	(ii) dividing the amount calculated under Subsection (5)(b)(i) by the total number of	

119	labor hours that generated those charges.
120	(c) A franchisee shall calculate the franchisee's retail parts rate by:
121	(i) determining the total charges for parts in the qualified repair orders submitted to the
122	franchisee's franchisor under Subsection (5)(a);
123	(ii) dividing the amount calculated under Subsection (5)(c)(i) by the franchisee's total
124	cost to purchase the parts in those qualified repair orders;
125	(iii) subtracting one from the result of Subsection (5)(c)(ii); and
126	(iv) multiplying the result of Subsection (5)(c)(iii) by 100 to produce a percentage.
127	[(ii)] (d) In the case of a recreational vehicle franchisee, reimbursement for parts used
128	in the performance of warranty repairs, including those parts separately warranted directly to
129	the consumer by a recreational vehicle parts supplier, may not be less than the franchisee's cost
130	plus 20%.
131	[(iii)] (e) For purposes of [Subsection (3)(b)(ii)] Subsections (5)(b) through (d), the
132	term "cost" shall be that same price paid by a franchisee to a franchisor or supplier for the part
133	when the part is purchased for a nonwarranty repair.
134	(f) For the purposes of Subsection (5)(a), a franchisee may submit either:
135	(i) a single set of qualified repair orders for the purpose of calculating the franchisee's
136	retail labor rate and retail parts rate; or
137	(ii) a set of qualified repair orders for the purpose of calculating only the franchisee's
138	retail labor rate or retail parts rate.
139	(g) Time allowances for diagnostic work and labor furnished by the franchisee in
140	satisfaction of a warranty issued by the franchisee's franchisor shall be based on the franchisor's
141	labor time guide or, at the franchisee's election, the labor time guide used by the franchisee for
142	diagnostic work and labor furnished for non-warranty repairs.
143	(h) (i) A discount shall be allocated between parts and labor as indicated on the face of
144	a repair order for parts and labor furnished by a franchisee in satisfaction of a warranty issued
145	by the franchisee's franchisor.
146	(ii) If no allocation is shown on the face of a repair order described in Subsection
147	(5)(h)(i), a discount is allocated pro rata between parts and labor.
148	(iii) For purposes of this Subsection (5)(h), a manufacturer's or distributor's
149	promotional reward program cash-equivalent pay method is not a discount.

150	(i) (i) If a franchisor supplies a part to the franchisor's franchisee at no cost or at a	
151	reduced cost for the franchisee to use in fulfilling a warranty claim, the franchisor shall	
152	compensate the franchisee for the franchisee's cost of the part, if any, plus an amount equal to	
153	the franchisee's prevailing retail parts rate multiplied by the fair wholesale value of the part.	
154	(ii) The fair wholesale value of a part is the greater of:	
155	(A) the amount a franchisee paid for the part or a substantially identical part if the part	
156	is already owned by the franchisee;	
157	(B) the cost of the part shown in the franchisor's current or prior established price	
158	schedule; or	
159	(C) the cost of a substantially identical part shown in the franchisor's current or prior	
160	established price schedule.	
161	(j) A franchisee's revision of or supplement to a submission under Subsection (5)(a),	
162	that corrects or clarifies the franchisee's submission, is not a new submission under this section	
163	(6) (a) If a franchisee seeks compensation from the franchisee's franchisor for parts or	
164	labor furnished in satisfaction of a warranty issued by the franchisor, the franchisee shall	
165	provide written notice to the franchisee's franchisor of the franchisee's retail labor rate or retail	
166	parts rate in accordance with Subsection (5)(a).	
167	(b) A retail labor rate or retail parts rate provided in a written notice described in	
168	Subsection (5)(a) takes effect 30 days after the day on which the franchisee delivers the written	
169	notice to the franchisor unless the franchisor contests the franchisee's indicated rate under	
170	Subsection (6)(c).	
171	(c) A franchisor may contest a franchisee's indicated retail labor rate or retail parts rate	
172	by submitting to the franchisee a notice of objection that contains, and is limited to, the	
173	<u>following:</u>	
174	(i) a statement that the franchisor believes the contested rate is materially inaccurate or	
175	<u>fraudulent;</u>	
176	(ii) a full explanation of the reasons the franchisor believes the contested rate is	
177	materially inaccurate or fraudulent;	
178	(iii) evidence substantiating each reason described in Subsection (6)(c)(ii);	
179	(iv) the calculations used by the franchisor to support the franchisor's objection; and	
180	(v) as applicable, a proposed adjusted retail labor rate or retail parts rate.	

181	(d) (i) A franchisor may not submit more than one notice of objection to a franchisee
182	concerning a declared retail labor rate or retail parts rate.
183	(ii) After submitting a notice of objection, a franchisor may not add to, expand,
184	supplement, or otherwise modify the objection.
185	(iii) In a judicial or administrative proceeding regarding one or more contested rates:
186	(A) the issue shall be limited to whether the retail labor rate or the retail parts rate
187	submitted by the franchisee is materially inaccurate or fraudulent;
188	(B) the franchisor has the burden of proof; and
189	(C) the rate that is determined in resolution of the dispute is retroactive to the date that
190	is 30 days after the day on which the franchisee delivered the written notice described in
191	Subsection (5)(a) to the franchisor.
192	(7) A franchisor may not directly or indirectly:
193	(a) require a franchisee to calculate, establish, or alter the franchisee's retail labor rate
194	or retail parts rate by any means not described in this section;
195	(b) initiate a process to calculate, establish, or alter a franchisee's retail labor rate or
196	retail parts rate, including by:
197	(i) substituting a different purported qualified repair order for a qualified repair order
198	that is submitted by a franchisee under Subsection (5)(a);
199	(ii) presenting to a franchisee information about, or calculations based on, another
200	franchisee's compensation;
201	(iii) presenting to a franchisee information about, or calculations based on, the
202	franchisee's or another franchisee's financial statements; or
203	(iv) imposing on a franchisee an unduly burdensome or time-consuming process for
204	tracking or submitting repair orders, or requiring a franchisee to provide information that is
205	unduly burdensome or time-consuming to provide, including part-by-part or
206	transaction-by-transaction calculations;
207	(c) establish or implement a special part number or component number for a part used
208	in warranty work, if the special part number or component number would result in lower
209	compensation to the franchisee than as calculated under this section;
210	(d) require, influence, or attempt to influence a franchisee to implement or change the
211	price for which the franchisee sells parts or labor for retail repairs;

212	(e) recover or attempt to recover all or a portion of the franchisor's costs for
213	compensating a franchisee for warranty work, including by:
214	(i) reducing the amount due; or
215	(ii) a separate charge, surcharge, or imposition;
216	(f) take or threaten to take adverse action against a franchisee who seeks to obtain
217	compensation under this section;
218	(g) dissuade or discourage, or attempt to dissuade or discourage a franchisee from
219	seeking compensation under this section, including by:
220	(i) creating or implementing an obstacle or process that is inconsistent with a
221	franchisor's obligations to a franchisee under this section;
222	(ii) acting or failing to act other than in good faith;
223	(iii) hindering, delaying, or rejecting the proper and timely payment of compensation
224	due to a franchisee under this section; or
225	(iv) establishing, implementing, enforcing, or applying a policy, standard, rule,
226	program, or incentive regarding compensation due to a franchisee under this section, other than
227	in a uniform manner among the franchisor's franchisees in this state;
228	(h) conduct or threaten to conduct a warranty, non-warranty repair, or other
229	service-related audit of a franchisee for the purpose of dissuading or discouraging the
230	franchisee from seeking compensation under this section; or
231	(i) implement or continue a policy, procedure, or program for franchisee compensation
232	that is inconsistent with this section.
233	(8) Subsection (7) does not prohibit a franchisor from increasing the price of a vehicle
234	in the normal course of business.
235	[(4)] (9) A franchisor may not fail to:
236	(a) perform any warranty obligation;
237	(b) include in written notices of franchisor's recalls to new motor vehicle owners and
238	franchisees the expected date by which necessary parts and equipment will be available to
239	franchisees for the correction of the defects; or
240	(c) in accordance with Subsections [(2) and (3)] (4) and (5), compensate a franchisee
241	for all diagnostic work, labor, and parts the franchisor requires to perform a recall repair.
242	[(5)] (10) If a franchisor disallows a franchisee's claim for a defective part, alleging that

243 the part is not defective, the franchisor at the franchisor's option shall: 244 (a) return the part to the franchisee at the franchisor's expense; or 245 (b) pay the franchisee the cost of the part. 246 [(6)] (11) (a) A claim made by a franchisee pursuant to this section for diagnostic 247 work, labor, or parts shall be paid within 30 days after the claim's approval. 248 (b) The franchisor shall approve or disapprove a claim within 30 days after receipt of the claim on a form generally used by the franchisor and containing the generally required 249 250 information. Any claim not specifically disapproved of in writing within 30 days after the 251 receipt of the form is considered to be approved and payment shall be made within 30 days. [(7)] (12) A franchisor may conduct warranty service audits and recall repair audits of 252 253 the franchisor's franchisee records on a reasonable basis. [(8)] (13) A franchisor may deny a franchisee's claim for warranty compensation or 254 255 recall repair compensation only if: 256 (a) the franchisee's claim is based on a nonwarranty repair or a nonrecall repair; 257 (b) the franchisee lacks material documentation for the claim; 258 (c) the franchisee fails to comply materially with specific substantive terms and 259 conditions of the franchisor's warranty compensation program or recall repair compensation 260 program; or 261 (d) the franchisor has a bona fide belief based on competent evidence that the franchisee's claim is intentionally false, fraudulent, or misrepresented. 262 263 [(9)] (14) (a) Any charge back for a warranty part or service compensation, recall repair compensation, or service incentive is only enforceable for the six-month period immediately 264 265 following the day on which the franchisor makes the payment compensating the franchisee for 266 the warranty part or service, recall repair, or service incentive. 267 (b) Except as provided in Subsection [(9)] (14)(e), all charge backs levied by a 268 franchisor for sales compensation or sales incentives arising out of the sale or lease of a motor 269 vehicle sold or leased by a franchisee shall be compensable only if written notice of the charge 270 back is received by the franchisee within six months immediately following the sooner of: 271 (i) the day on which the [sales incentive program terminates] franchisee reports the sale 272 to the franchisor; or

(ii) the day on which the franchisor makes the payment for the sales compensation or

sales incentive to the franchisee.

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- 275 (c) (i) Upon an audit, the franchisor shall provide the franchisee automated or written 276 notice explaining the amount of and reason for a charge back.
 - (ii) A franchisee may respond in writing within 30 days after the notice under Subsection [(9)] (14)(c)(i) to:
 - (A) explain a deficiency; or
- 280 (B) provide materials or information to correct and cure compliance with a provision that is a basis for a charge back.
 - (d) A charge back:
 - (i) may not be based on a nonmaterial error that is clerical in nature; and
 - (ii) (A) shall be based on one or more specific instances of material noncompliance with the franchisor's warranty compensation program, sales incentive program, recall repair program, or recall compensation program; and
 - (B) may not be extrapolated from a sampling of warranty claims, recall repair claims, or sales incentive claims.
 - (e) The time limitations of this Subsection [(9)] (14) do not preclude charge backs for any fraudulent claim that was previously paid.
 - [(10)] (15) (a) If within 30 days after the day on which a franchisor issues an initial notice of recall a part or remedy is not reasonably available to perform the recall repair on a used motor vehicle, each calendar month thereafter the franchisor shall pay the franchisee an amount equal to at least 1.35% of the value of the used motor vehicle, if:
 - (i) the franchisee holding the used motor vehicle for sale is authorized to sell and service a new vehicle of the same line-make;
 - (ii) after May 7, 2018, the franchisor issues a stop-sale or do-not-drive order on the used motor vehicle; and
 - (iii) (A) the used motor vehicle is in the franchisee's inventory at the time the franchisor issued the order described in Subsection [(10)] (15)(a)(ii); or
 - (B) after the franchisor issues the order described in Subsection [(10)] (15)(a)(ii), the franchisee takes the used motor vehicle into the franchisee's inventory at the termination of the consumer lease for the vehicle, as a consumer trade-in accompanying the purchase of a new vehicle from the franchisee, or for any other reason in the ordinary course of business.

305	(b) A franchisor shall pay the compensation described in Subsection $[(10)]$ (15) (a):	
306	(i) beginning:	
307	(A) 30 days after the day on which the franchisee receives the stop-sale or do-not-drive	
308	order; or	
309	(B) if a franchisee obtains the used motor vehicle more than 30 days after the day on	
310	which the franchisee receives the stop-sale or do-not-drive order, the day on which the	
311	franchisee obtains the used motor vehicle; and	
312	(ii) ending the earlier of the day on which:	
313	(A) the franchisor makes the recall part or remedy available for order and prompt	
314	shipment to the franchisee; or	
315	(B) the franchisee sells, trades, or otherwise disposes of the used motor vehicle.	
316	(c) A franchisor shall prorate the first and last payment for a used motor vehicle to a	
317	franchisee under this Subsection $[(10)]$ (15) .	
318	(d) A franchisor may direct the manner in which a franchisee demonstrates the	
319	inventory status of an affected used motor vehicle to determine eligibility under this Subsection	
320	$\left[\frac{(10)}{(15)}\right]$, if the manner is not unduly burdensome.	
321	[(11)] (16) (a) A franchisee that offsets recall repair compensation received from a	
322	franchisor under this section against recall repair compensation the franchisee receives under a	
323	state or federal recall repair compensation remedy may pursue any other available remedy	
324	against the franchisor.	
325	(b) As an alternative to providing recall repair compensation under this section, a	
326	franchisor may compensate a franchisee for a recall repair:	
327	(i) under a national recall repair compensation program, if the compensation is equal to	
328	or greater than the compensation provided under this section; or	
329	(ii) as the franchisor and franchisee otherwise agree, if the compensation is equal to or	
330	greater than the compensation provided under this section.	
331	(c) Nothing in this section requires a franchisor to provide compensation to a	
332	franchisee that exceeds the value of the used motor vehicle affected by a recall.	
333	(17) During an audit under this section, a franchisor may not request a document from	
334	the franchisee that:	
335	(a) originated from the franchisor or a subsidiary of the franchisor; or	

336	(b) is available to the franchisor from:
337	(i) another person; or
338	(ii) public records to which the franchisor has access.
339	(18) A franchisor or franchisee may submit a notice or submission under this section
340	electronically.
341	Section 2. Section 41-3-102 is amended to read:
342	41-3-102. Definitions.
343	As used in this chapter:
344	(1) "Administrator" means the motor vehicle enforcement administrator.
345	(2) "Agent" means a person other than a holder of any dealer's or salesperson's license
346	issued under this chapter, who for salary, commission, or compensation of any kind, negotiates
347	in any way for the sale, purchase, order, or exchange of three or more motor vehicles for any
348	other person in any 12-month period.
349	(3) "Auction" means a dealer engaged in the business of auctioning motor vehicles,
350	either owned or consigned, to the general public.
351	(4) "Authorized service center" means an entity that:
352	(a) is in the business of repairing exclusively the motor vehicles of the same line-make
353	as the motor vehicles a single direct-sale manufacturer manufactures;
354	(b) the direct-sale manufacturer described in Subsection (4)(a) authorizes to complete
355	warranty repair work for motor vehicles that the direct-sale manufacturer sells, displays for
356	sale, or offers for sale or exchange; and
357	(c) conducts business primarily from an enclosed commercial repair facility that is
358	permanently located in the state.
359	(5) "Board" means the advisory board created in Section 41-3-106.
360	(6) "Body shop" means a person engaged in rebuilding, restoring, repairing, or painting
361	the body of motor vehicles for compensation.
362	(7) "Commission" means the State Tax Commission.
363	(8) "Crusher" means a person who crushes or shreds motor vehicles subject to
364	registration under [Title 41,] Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, to reduce the useable materials
365	and metals to a more compact size for recycling.
366	(9) (a) "Dealer" means a person:

367	(i) whose business in whole or in part involves selling new, used, or new and used	
368	motor vehicles or off-highway vehicles; and	
369	(ii) who sells, displays for sale, or offers for sale or exchange three or more new or	
370	used motor vehicles or off-highway vehicles in any 12-month period.	
371	(b) "Dealer" includes a representative or consignee of any dealer.	
372	(10) "Direct-sale manufacturer" means a person:	
373	(a) that is both a manufacturer and a dealer;	
374	[(b) that, in this state, sells, displays for sale, or offers for sale or exchange only new	
375	motor vehicles of the person's own line-make that are:]	
376	[(i) exclusively propelled through the use of electricity, a hydrogen fuel cell, or another	
377	non-fossil fuel source;]	
378	[(ii) (A) passenger vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating of 14,000 pounds or less;	
379	or]	
380	[(B) trucks with a gross vehicle weight rating of 14,000 pounds or less; and]	
381	[(iii) manufactured by the person;]	
382	(b) that is:	
383	(i) an electric vehicle manufacturer; or	
384	(ii) a low-volume manufacturer;	
385	(c) that is not a franchise holder;	
386	(d) that is domiciled in the United States; and	
387	(e) whose chief officers direct, control, and coordinate the person's activities as a	
388	direct-sale manufacturer from a physical location in the United States.	
389	(11) "Direct-sale manufacturer salesperson" means an individual who for a salary,	
390	commission, or compensation of any kind, is employed either directly, indirectly, regularly, or	
391	occasionally by a direct-sale manufacturer to sell, purchase, or exchange or to negotiate for the	
392	sale, purchase, or exchange of a motor vehicle manufactured by the direct-sale manufacturer	
393	who employs the individual.	
394	(12) (a) "Dismantler" means a person engaged in the business of dismantling motor	
395	vehicles subject to registration under [Title 41,] Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, for the resale	
396	of parts or for salvage.	
397	(b) "Dismantler" includes a person who dismantles three or more motor vehicles in any	

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- (13) "Distributor" means a person who has a franchise from a manufacturer of motor vehicles to distribute motor vehicles within this state and who in whole or in part sells or distributes new motor vehicles to dealers or who maintains distributor representatives.
- (14) "Distributor branch" means a branch office similarly maintained by a distributor for the same purposes a factory branch is maintained.
- (15) "Distributor representative" means a person and each officer and employee of the person engaged as a representative of a distributor or distributor branch of motor vehicles to make or promote the sale of the distributor or the distributor branch's motor vehicles, or for supervising or contacting dealers or prospective dealers of the distributor or the distributor branch.
- 409 (16) "Division" means the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division created in Section 410 41-3-104.
 - (17) "Electric vehicle manufacturer" means a person that, in this state, sells, displays for sale, or offers for sale or exchange only new motor vehicles of the person's own line-make that are:
- 414 (a) exclusively propelled through the use of electricity, a hydrogen fuel cell, or another
 415 non-fossil fuel source;
- 416 (b) (i) passenger vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating of 14,000 pounds or less;
 417 or
 - (ii) trucks with a gross vehicle weight rating of 14,000 pounds or less; and
- (c) manufactured by the person.
 - [(17)] (18) "Factory branch" means a branch office maintained by a person who manufactures or assembles motor vehicles for sale to distributors, motor vehicle dealers, or who directs or supervises the factory branch's representatives.
 - [(18)] (19) "Factory representative" means a person and each officer and employee of the person engaged as a representative of a manufacturer of motor vehicles or by a factory branch to make or promote the sale of the manufacturer's or factory branch's motor vehicles, or for supervising or contacting the dealers or prospective dealers of the manufacturer or the factory branch.
- 428 [(19)] (20) (a) "Franchise" means a contract or agreement between a dealer and a

429	manufacturer of new motor vehicles or a manufacturer's distributor or factory branch by which		
430	the dealer is authorized to sell any specified make or makes of new motor vehicles.		
431	(b) "Franchise" includes a contract or agreement described in Subsection [(19)] (20)(a		
432	regardless of whether the contract or agreement is subject to Title 13, Chapter 14, New		
433	Automobile Franchise Act, Title 13, Chapter 35, Powersport Vehicle Franchise Act, or neither		
434	[(20)] (21) (a) "Franchise holder" means a manufacturer who:		
435	(i) previously had a franchised dealer in the United States;		
436	(ii) currently has a franchised dealer in the United States;		
437	(iii) is a successor to another manufacturer who previously had or currently has a		
438	franchised dealer in the United States;		
439	(iv) is a material owner of another manufacturer who previously had or currently has a		
440	franchised dealer in the United States;		
441	(v) is under legal or common ownership, or practical control, with another		
442	manufacturer who previously had or currently has a franchised dealer in the United States; or		
443	(vi) is in a partnership, joint venture, or similar arrangement for production of a		
444	commonly owned line-make with another manufacturer who previously had or currently has a		
445	franchised dealer in the United States.		
446	(b) "Franchise holder" does not include a manufacturer described in Subsection [(20)]		
447	(21)(a), if at all times during the franchised dealer's existence, the manufacturer had legal or		
448	practical common ownership or common control with the franchised dealer.		
449	(22) "Low-volume manufacturer" means a manufacturer who:		
450	(a) in this state, sells, displays for sale, or offers for sale or exchange only new motor		
451	vehicles of the person's own line make that are:		
452	(i) (A) passenger vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating of 14,000 pounds or less;		
453	<u>or</u>		
454	(B) trucks with a gross vehicle weight rating of 14,000 pounds or less; and		
455	(ii) manufactured by the person; and		
456	(b) constructs no more than 325 new motor vehicles in any 12-month period.		
457	[(21)] (23) "Line-make" means motor vehicles that are offered for sale, lease, or		
458	distribution under a common name, trademark, service mark, or brand name of the		
459	manufacturer.		

400	$\left[\frac{(22)}{(24)}\right]$ Manufacturer means a person engaged in the business of constructing or
461	assembling new motor vehicles, ownership of which is customarily transferred by a
462	manufacturer's statement or certificate of origin, or a person who constructs three or more new
463	motor vehicles in any 12-month period.
464	[(23)] (25) "Material owner" means a person who possesses, directly or indirectly, the
465	power to direct, or cause the direction of, the management, policies, or activities of another
466	person:
467	(a) through ownership of voting securities;
468	(b) by contract or credit arrangement; or
469	(c) in another way not described in Subsections [(23)] (25)(a) and (b).
470	[(24)] (26) (a) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle that is:
471	(i) self-propelled;
472	(ii) a trailer;
473	(iii) a travel trailer;
474	(iv) a semitrailer;
475	(v) an off-highway vehicle; or
476	(vi) a small trailer.
477	(b) "Motor vehicle" does not include:
478	(i) mobile homes as defined in Section 41-1a-102;
479	(ii) trailers of 750 pounds or less unladen weight;
480	(iii) a farm tractor or other machine or tool used in the production, harvesting, or care of
481	a farm product; and
482	(iv) park model recreational vehicles as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
483	[(25)] (27) "Motorcycle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-1a-102.
484	[(26)] "New motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle that:
485	(a) has never been titled or registered; and
486	(b) for a motor vehicle that is not a trailer, travel trailer, or semitrailer, has been driven
487	less than 7,500 miles.
488	[(27)] (29) "Off-highway vehicle" means the same as that term is defined in Section
489	41-22-2.
490	[(28)] (30) "Pawnbroker" means a person whose business is to lend money on security

491	of personal	property	deposited	with him
. / .	or personar	property	acposited	** 1011 111111

- [(29)] (31) (a) "Principal place of business" means a site or location in this state:
- 493 (i) devoted exclusively to the business for which the dealer, manufacturer, 494 remanufacturer, transporter, dismantler, crusher, or body shop is licensed, and businesses 495 incidental to them;
 - (ii) sufficiently bounded by fence, chain, posts, or otherwise marked to definitely indicate the boundary and to admit a definite description with space adequate to permit the display of three or more new, or new and used, or used motor vehicles and sufficient parking for the public; and
 - (iii) that includes a permanent enclosed building or structure large enough to accommodate the office of the establishment and to provide a safe place to keep the books and other records of the business, at which the principal portion of the business is conducted and the books and records kept and maintained.
 - (b) "Principal place of business" means, with respect to a direct-sale manufacturer, the direct-sale manufacturer's showroom, which shall comply with the requirements of Subsection [(29)] (31)(a).
 - [(30)] (32) "Remanufacturer" means a person who reconstructs used motor vehicles subject to registration under [Title 41,] Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, to change the body style and appearance of the motor vehicle or who constructs or assembles motor vehicles from used or new and used motor vehicle parts, or who reconstructs, constructs, or assembles three or more motor vehicles in any 12-month period.
 - [(31)] (33) "Salesperson" means an individual who for a salary, commission, or compensation of any kind, is employed either directly, indirectly, regularly, or occasionally by any new motor vehicle dealer or used motor vehicle dealer to sell, purchase, or exchange or to negotiate for the sale, purchase, or exchange of motor vehicles.
 - [(32)] (34) "Semitrailer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-1a-102.
 - [(33)] (35) "Showroom" means a site or location in the state that a direct-sale manufacturer uses for the direct-sale manufacturer's business, including the display and demonstration of new motor vehicles that are exclusively of the same line-make that the direct-sale manufacturer manufactures.
 - [(34)] (36) "Small trailer" means a trailer that has an unladen weight of:

522	(a) more than 750 pounds; and
523	(b) less than 2,000 pounds.
524	[(35)] (37) "Special equipment" includes a truck mounted crane, cherry picker, material
525	lift, post hole digger, and a utility or service body.
526	[(36)] (38) "Special equipment dealer" means a new or new and used motor vehicle
527	dealer engaged in the business of buying new incomplete motor vehicles with a gross vehicle
528	weight of 12,000 or more pounds and installing special equipment on the incomplete motor
529	vehicle.
530	[(37)] (39) "Trailer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-1a-102.
531	[(38)] (40) "Transporter" means a person engaged in the business of transporting motor
532	vehicles as described in Section 41-3-202.
533	$\left[\frac{(39)}{(41)}\right]$ "Travel trailer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
534	41-1a-102.
535	[(40)] (42) "Used motor vehicle" means a vehicle that:
536	(a) has been titled and registered to a purchaser other than a dealer; or
537	(b) for a motor vehicle that is not a trailer, travel trailer, or semitrailer, has been driven
538	7,500 or more miles.
539	[(41)] (43) "Wholesale motor vehicle auction" means a dealer primarily engaged in the
540	business of auctioning consigned motor vehicles to dealers or dismantlers who are licensed by
541	this or any other jurisdiction.
542	Section 3. Section 41-3-103 is amended to read:
543	41-3-103. Exceptions to "dealer" definition Dealer licensed in other state
544	Direct-sale manufacturer Direct-sale manufacturer salesperson.
545	Under this chapter:
546	(1) (a) An insurance company, bank, finance company, company registered as a title
547	lender under Title 7, Chapter 24, Title Lending Registration Act, company registered as a check
548	casher or deferred deposit lender under Title 7, Chapter 23, Check Cashing and Deferred
549	Deposit Lending Registration Act, public utility company, commission impound yard, federal
550	or state governmental agency, or any political subdivision of any of them or any other person
551	coming into possession of a motor vehicle as an incident to its regular business, that sells the
552	motor vehicle under contractual rights that it may have in the motor vehicle is not considered a

553	dealer
ווו	dealer

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- (b) A person who sells or exchanges only those motor vehicles that the person has owned for over 12 months is not considered a dealer.
- (2) (a) A person engaged in leasing motor vehicles is not considered as coming into possession of the motor vehicles incident to the person's regular business.
- (b) A pawnbroker engaged in selling, exchanging, or pawning motor vehicles is considered as coming into possession of the motor vehicles incident to the person's regular business and must be licensed as a used motor vehicle dealer.
- (3) A person currently licensed as a dealer or salesperson by another state or country and not currently under license suspension or revocation by the administrator may only sell motor vehicles in this state to licensed dealers, dismantlers, or manufacturers, and only at their places of business.
 - (4) Except as otherwise expressly provided:
- (a) a direct-sale manufacturer is subject to the same provisions under this chapter as a new motor vehicle dealer; and
- (b) a direct-sale manufacturer salesperson is subject to the same provisions under this chapter as a salesperson.
- (5) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, a direct-sale manufacturer:
- (a) may, without a franchise, sell, display for sale, or offer for sale or exchange a motor vehicle:
- (i) described in Subsection [41-3-102(10)(b) without a franchise; and] 41-3-102(17) if the direct-sale manufacturer is an electric vehicle manufacturer; or
- (ii) described in Subsection 41-3-102(22) if the direct-sale manufacturer is a low-volume manufacturer; and
- 578 (b) may not sell, display for sale, or offer for sale or exchange a new motor vehicle that 579 is not of the same line-make the direct-sale manufacturer manufactures.